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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/808,395 03/25/2004		Mutsumi Yano	50024-028	5556	
7590 08/11/2004			EXAMINER		
McDERMOTT, WILL & EMERY 600 13th Street, N.W.			THOMAS, ERIC W		
Washington, DC 20005-3096			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2831		

DATE MAILED: 08/11/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/808,39	95	YANO ET AL.				
		Examiner	,	Art Unit				
		Eric W Th	nomas	2831				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION, nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. b period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period reto reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statustication that the set of extended period for reply will, by statustication that the set of extended period for reply will, by statustication that the set of extended period for reply will, by statustication that the set of extended period for reply will, by statustication that the set of extended period for reply will, by statustication that the set of extended period for reply will, by statustication that the set of extended period for reply will be set of the set of t	136(a). In no even ply within the state di will apply and wi te, cause the appl	ent, however, may a reply be tim utory minimum of thirty (30) days Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to lication to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comn O (35 U.S.C. & 133).	nunication.			
Status								
1)🖂	1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 August 2004</u> .							
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 11-14 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicati	on Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>25 March 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	t(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)								
3) 🛛 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 r No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/04</u> .)	Paper No(s)/Mail Dat 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:		52)			

Art Unit: 2831

DETAILED ACTION

Page 2

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election of invention I in the reply filed on 8/2/04 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tripp et al. (WO 00/46819).

Tripp et al. disclose a solid electrolytic capacitor comprising an anode composed on niobium nitride; and a dielectric layer composed of niobium oxide formed on the surface of the anode.

Regarding claim 8, Tripp et al. disclose the niobium nitride is composed of NbNx where x = 1.

4. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Omori et al. (WO 02/15208).

Application/Control Number: 10/808,395 Page 3

Art Unit: 2831

Omori et al. disclose a solid electrolytic capacitor comprising an anode composed on niobium nitride; and a dielectric layer composed of niobium oxide formed on the surface of the anode.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 7. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Omori et al. (WO 02/15208) in view of Masuda et al. (US 6,400,556).

Omori et al. disclose a solid electrolytic capacitor comprising a lead composed of niobium; a niobium nitride layer formed on the surface of the niobium layer; and a dielectric layer composed of niobium oxide formed on the surface of the niobium nitride layer.

Art Unit: 2831

Omori et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the lead is a substrate.

Masuda et al. disclose in fig. 1, a substrate anode lead having an electrode sintered layer is formed thereon.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the capacitor of Omori et al. using a substrate anode lead as taught by Masuda et al., since such a modification would provide a lead having a high surface area.

Regarding claim 2, Omori et al. disclose the substrate and the anode constitute an anode.

Regarding claim 3, Omori et al. disclose the dielectric is nitrogen-free.

Regarding claim 4, Omori et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the niobium nitride layer is substantially composed of Nb₂N. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the niobium nitride layer that is substantially composed of Nb₂N, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

Regarding claim 5, Omori et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the nitrogen content based on the total weight of the substrate, the niobium nitride, and the dielectric layer is not less than 0.001 % by weight nor more than 0.2 % by weight. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to for the capacitor having a nitrogen content based on the total

weight of the substrate, the niobium nitride, and the dielectric layer is not less than 0.001 % by weight nor more than 0.2 % by weight, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.*

Regarding claim 6, Omori et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the nitrogen content based on the total weight of said substrate, said niobium nitride, and said dielectric layer is not less than 0.001 % by weight nor more than 0.08 % by weight. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to for the capacitor having a nitrogen content based on the total weight of the substrate, the niobium nitride, and the dielectric layer is not less than 0.001 % by weight nor more than 0.08 % by weight, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.*

8. Claim 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Omori et al. (WO 02/15208).

Regarding claim 9, Omori et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the niobium nitride is composed on NbNx, where said x is not less than 0.05 nor more than 0.75. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the niobium nitride having a formula of NbNx where said x is not less than 0.05 nor more than 0.75, since it has been held that, here the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.*

Art Unit: 2831

Regarding claim 10, Omori et al. disclose the anode is composed of a mixture of a plurality of kinds of niobium nitride containing nitrogen. Omori et al. do not disclose the different kinds of niobium nitride have different nitrogen composition ratios. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the anode from a plurality of kinds of niobium nitride containing nitrogen wherein the different kinds of niobium nitride have different nitrogen composition ratios, since it has been held that, here the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233*.

Conclusion

In order to ensure full consideration of any amendments, affidavits, or declaration, or other documents as evidence of patentability, such documents must be submitted in response to this Office action. Submissions after the next Office action, which is intended to be a final action, will be governed by the requirements of 37 CFR 1. 116 which will be strictly enforced.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eric W Thomas whose telephone number is 571-272-1985. The examiner can normally be reached on M,Tu,Sat 9 am - 9:30 pm; W, Th, F 6 pm -10:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dean Reichard can be reached on 571-272-1984. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/808,395

Art Unit: 2831

Page 7

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Eric W The Examiner Art Unit 28

Eric W Thomas Art Unit 2831

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